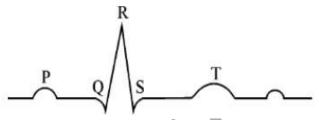
## **KCET 2017 BIOLOGY QUESTION PAPER**

- 1. Identify the 'order' from the following
  - a) Carnivora
- b) Muscidae
- c) Insecta
- d) Panthera
- 2. Which of the following options show the characters of mycoplasma?
  - a) Smallest living cell without cell wall survive with oxygen
  - b) Smallest living cell with cell survive with oxygen
  - c) Smallest living cell without cell wall survive without oxygen
  - d) Smallest living cell with cell wall survive without oxygen
- 3. Which class of Algae reproduces asexually by non motile spores and sexually by non motile gametes?
  - a) Rhodophyceae
- b) Phaeophyceae
- c) Chlorophyceae
- d) Cyanophyceae
- 4. Which of the following plants produce zygomorphic flowers?
  - a) Hibiscus
- b) Canna
- c) Gulmohar
- d) Mustard
- 5. The secondary wall material Suberin is deposited on the walls of
  - a) Pericycle of stem and endodermis of root
  - b) Phellem of stem and endodermis of root
  - c) Epidermis of stem and endodermis of root
  - d) Phellogen and phelloderm
- 6. The type of epithelium found in the fallopian tube which functions to move particles or mucous in specific direction is
  - a) Squamous epithelium
  - b) Cuboidal epithelium
  - c) Ciliated epithelium
  - d) Columnar epithelium
- 7. Which one of the following is not included under endomembrane system?
  - a) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - b) Mitochondria
  - c) Lysosome
  - d) Vacuole

8. In the following diagrammatic representation of a standard ECG the 'T' represents



- a) Depolarisation of Atria
- b) Depolarisation of Ventricles
- c) Repolarisation of Atria
- d) Repolarisation of Ventricles
- 9. Which of the following is not a characteristic of facilitated transport?
  - a) Uphill transport
  - b) Highly selective
  - c) Requires special membrane proteins
  - d) Transport saturates
- 10.Identify the elements whose deficiency causes both necrosis and chlorosis
  - a) Mg, K
- b) Mo, Ca
- c) Fe, Mn
- d) Cu,Co
- 11. The outcome of Calvin cycle include:
  - a) 6 CO<sub>2</sub>,18 ATP, 12 NADPH
  - b) One glucose, 18 ATP, 12 NADPH
  - c) 6 CO<sub>2</sub>,18 ATP, 12 NADPH
  - d) One glucose, 18 ADP,12 NADP
- 12. The number of ATP molecules utilized for the breakdown of one molecule of glucose during glycolysis is
  - a) 4

b) 2

c) 6

- d) 8
- 13. Match the enzymes of Column I with the function of Column II. Choose the correct option:

| Column – I      | Column – II       |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| 1. Enterokinase | p. digests milk   |  |  |  |
|                 | proteins          |  |  |  |
| 2. Rennin       | q. Digests        |  |  |  |
|                 | carbohydrates     |  |  |  |
| 3. Amylase      | r. activates try  |  |  |  |
| 4. Lipase       | s. acts on nuclei |  |  |  |
|                 | acids             |  |  |  |
|                 | t. breakdown fats |  |  |  |

- a) 1 r, 2 p, 3 q, 4 t
- b) 1 r, 2 p, 3 t, 4 q
- c) 1 s, 2 p, 3 t, 4 q
- d) 1 s, 2 q, 3 p, 4 t
- 14. The volume of air inspired or expired by a healthy man per minute is:
  - a) 1000 ml 1100 ml
  - b) 2500 ml 3000 ml
  - c) 6000 ml 8000 ml
  - d) 400 ml 500 ml
- 15. The blood cell that secretes histamine, serotonin and heparin is:
  - a) Neutrophil
- b) T lymphocyte
- c) Killer cell
- d) Basophil
- 16. The hormones involved in maintaining calcium balance in the human body are:
  - a) PTH and TCT
- b) PTH and LTH
- c) TCT and FSH
- d) MSH and ACTH
- 17. Amoeba is immortal because
  - a) It is multicellular
  - b) It is microscopic
  - c) It reproduce by sexual method only
  - d) Parental body is distributed among the offspring during binary fission
- 18. Which of the following is not a pre fertilization event in higher organisms?
  - a) Gametogenesis
- b) Gamete transfer
- c) Meiosis
- d) Cleavage
- 19.If a tetraploid plant contains 48 chromosomes in its nucelus, then number of chromosomes in the egg cell and in a synergid respectively:
  - a) 48 and 48
- b) 24 and 24
- c) 24 and 48
- d) 48 and 24
- 20. Pollen gains are generally spherical, measuring about:
  - a) 25 50 micrometers
  - b) 25 50 millimeters
  - c) 25 50 nanometers
  - d) 25 50 centimeters
- 21. Which of the following characters is not required for autogamy?
  - a) Flowers require synchrony in pollen release and stigma maturation
  - b) Anthers and stigma should lie close to each other.
  - c) Flowers should be bisexual

- d) Required pollination agents
- 22. Which of the following character favours the process of normal spermatogenesis in human male?
  - a) Descent of tests into scrotum
  - b) Testes remain in the abdominal cavity
  - c) Infection by mumps virus during childhood
  - d) Increased scrotal temperature
- 23. Accessory ducts of reproductive system of human female include:
  - a) Oviduct, uterus & vagina
  - b) Oviduct, ovaries & ovarian ligaments
  - c) Oviduct, ovaries & mammary glands
  - d) Ovaries, uterus & vagina
- 24. In human females, the number of primary follicles left in each ovary at puberty is:
  - a) 3000 30,000
- b) 30,000 60,000
- c) 60,000 80,000
- d) 1,50,000 1,60,00
- 25. Implantation is influenced by
  - a) FSH

- b) LH
- c) Progesterone
- d) Relaxin
- 26.In India the action plans for family planning were initiated in the year:
  - a) 1972
- b) 1947
- c) 1951
- d) 1950
- 27. The inner cells mass of blastocyst becomes:
  - a) Extraembryonic membrane
  - b) Differentiated into embryo proper
  - c) Chorionic villi
  - d) Placenta
- 28. Example for autosomal hyper aneuploidy is
  - a) Down's syndrome
  - b) Klinefelter's syndrome
  - c) Turner's syndrome
  - d) Haemophilia
- 29. In dihybrid cross, when F<sub>1</sub> plants (RrYy) are self hybridised, the ratio of segregation of yellow and green in F<sub>2</sub> is:
  - a) 1:2:1
- b) 3:1
- c) 9:3:3:1
- d) 1:1:1:1
- 30. Replacement of which one of the following nucleotides in the Hb<sup>A</sup> gene causes sickle cell anaemia?
  - a) A to T
- b) T to A
- c) U to A
- d) C to G

- 31. The type of sex determination in honey bee is
  - a) Haplo diploidy
- b) Haploidy
- c) Diploidy
- d) ZZ ZW
- 32.Match the number of nucleotides of genome of Column I with the organisms of Column II. Choose the correct option given below:

| 811 011 0010 111          |                        |  |  |
|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Column – I                | Column – II            |  |  |
| 1.5836                    | p. E. coli             |  |  |
| nucleotides               |                        |  |  |
| 2.48502 bp                | q. man                 |  |  |
| 3. $4.6 \times 10^6$ bp   | r. Drosophila          |  |  |
| 4. 3.3×10 <sup>9</sup> bp | s. s $\phi \times 174$ |  |  |
|                           | bacteriophage          |  |  |
|                           | t. bacteriophage -     |  |  |
|                           | lambda                 |  |  |

- a) 1 s, 2 q, 3 p, 4 t
- b) 1 s, 2 p, 3 q, 4 r
- c) 1 s, 2 t, 3 p, 4 q
- d) 1 r, 2 t, 3 s, 4 p
- 33. The average length of hnRNA in humans is
  - a) 3000 bases
- b) 2.4 million bases
- c) 1500 bases
- d) 500 bases
- 34.If E. coli is allowed to grow for 40 minutes in a medium containing  $N^{15}$ , then the number of  $N^{14}/N^{14}$  containing DNA would be
  - a) Zero

b) 20

c) 10

- d) 2
- 35. Polymerisation of DNA nucleotides during the synthesis of lagging strand occurs in
  - a)  $3' \rightarrow 5'$  direction
  - b)  $5' \rightarrow 3'$  direction
  - c) Any direction
  - d) Promotor to terminator direction
- 36.In lac operon concept of gene expression, allolactose acts as,
  - a) Repressor
- b) inducer
- c) co repressor
- d) co enzyme
- 37. The anticodon found on the t RNA for tryptophan amino acid is
  - a) ACC
- b) UGG
- c) UCC

d) CUU

- 38. Which one of the following is the identifiable character of Neanderthal man?
  - a) Brain capacity 650 cc 800 cc
  - b) Developed pre historic cave art
  - c) Lived before 2 million years ago
  - d) Burried their dead
- 39.Identify the plants that are dominant during Jurassic period
  - a) Angiosperms and Bryophytes
  - b) Sphenopsida and Ginkgos
  - c) Ferns, conifers and Cycads
  - d) Monocotyledons and Arborescent lycopods
- 40. In humans, common cold is caused by
  - a) Retrovirus
- b) Baculovirus
- c) Rhinovirus
- d) Rhabdovirus
- 41. Which of the following vector borne diseases caused by Aedes mosquitoes?
  - a) Ascariasis and Filariasis
  - b) Malaria and Sleeping sickness
  - c) Dengue and Chikungunya
  - d) Kala azar and Filariasis
- 42. Morphine is obtained from the
  - a) Inflorescence of Cannabis
  - b) Leaves of Erythroxylum
  - c) Latex of Poppy plant
  - d) Root of Atropa
- 43.Inbreeding depression occurs due to continuous
  - a) Intra breeding
  - b) Inter breeding
  - c) Inter generic breeding
  - d) Inter specific breeding
- 44. Identify the correct combination of crop variety and insect pests
  - a) Okra Pusa sawani Shoot and Fruit borer
  - b) Flat bean Pusa Gaurav Fruit borer
  - c) Brassica Pusa A 4 Aphids
  - d) Brassica Pusa sem 3 Jassids
- 45. Which of the following crop is developed by mutation breeding, that is resistant to yellow mosaic virus and powdery mildew?
  - a) Cow pea
- b) Okra
- c) Chilli
- d) Mung bean

- 46. Which one of the following has been commercialised as blood cholesterol lowering agent?
  - a) Streptokinase
- b) Cyclosporin A
- c) Statins
- d)  $\alpha$ -Trypsin A
- 47. As the organic matter increases in a water body, the BOD:
  - a) Increases
- b) Decreases
- c) Remains unchanged d) Not a parameter
- 48. Restriction endonucleases are isolated from some bacteria. Their role in bacteria is
  - a) Defence against virus
  - b) Synthesis of proteins
  - c) Act as genetic material
  - d) Help in production
- 49. From which bacterium the REN Sal I is isolated?
  - a) Escherichia coil
  - b) Streptococcus aureus
  - c) Haemophilus influenza
  - d) Streptomyces albus
- 50.A transformed bacterium with human gene, fails to produce desired protein. The reason could be:
  - a) Human gene may have intron which bacteria cannot process
  - b) Amino acid codons for human and bacteria differ
  - c) Human protein is formed but degraded by bacteria.
  - d) The bacterial promotor gene cannot induce transcription of human gene
- 51. Read the statements 1 and 2. Choose the correct option.

Statement 1: RNAi take place in all prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms as a method of cellular defence.

Statement 2: RNA interference is a pre – translational process.

- a) Statement 1 incorrect, statement 2 correct.
- b) Statement 1 correct, statement 2 incorrect.
- c) Both statement are correct
- d) Both statements are incorrect

- 52. The human protein  $\alpha 1$  antitrypsin is obtained from
  - a) Transformed bacteria
  - b) Transgenic animal
  - c) Transgenic plant
  - d) A plant from Western Ghats
- 53. Psammophytes are growing in/on
  - a) Rock
- b) Deserts
- c) Water
- d) shades
- 54. A plant shows the following modifications:
  - i) Leaves covered with dense hairs
  - ii) Leaf surface shiny or glabrous
  - iii) Leaf blade remains rolled during day The adaptation of the plant is to:
  - a) Conserve water
  - b) prevent excessive heat
  - c) check transpiration
  - d) absorb water
- 55. Mac Arthur's vision of 5 closely related species of warbles living on same tree were able to avoid competition and co exist by behavioral difference. This is an example for:
  - a) Competitive release
  - b) Resource partitioning
  - c) Competitive exclusion principle
  - d) Adaptive radiation
- 56. Climax community is a state of:
  - a) Non equilibrium b) near equilibrium
  - c) pioneer species d) changing community
- 57. The process of decomposition delays when
  - a) The detritus is made up of sugars and nitrogen compounds
  - b) Aeration is sufficient
  - c) Warm and moist environment exists
  - d) Detritus is rich in lignin and chitin
- 58.The variety of indigenous cows is an example for
  - a) Genetic diversity b) Species diversity
  - c) Ecological diversity d) Microbial diversity

- 59. So far 1.5 million species are identified, in which the number of fungi species identified is more than the combined total of:
  - a) Algae, lichens, mosses and ferns
  - b) Fishes, amphibians, reptiles and mammals

- c) Molluscans and crustaceans
- d) Molluscans, fishes and amphibians
- 60. The safe method of disposal of e waste is:
  - a) Incineration
  - b) Burning in open field
  - c) Thrown into water
  - d) Dumping in forest

## **ANSWER KEYS**

| 1. (a)  | 2. (c)  | 3. (a)  | 4. (c)  | 5. (b)  | 6. (c)  | 7. (b)  | 8. (d)  | 9. (a)  | 10. (a) |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 11. (d) | 12. (b) | 13. (a) | 14. (c) | 15. (d) | 16. (a) | 17. (d) | 18.(d)  | 19. (b) | 20. (a) |
| 21. (d) | 22. (a) | 23. (a) | 24. (c) | 25. (c) | 26. (c) | 27. (b) | 28. (a) | 29.(b)  | 30. (b) |
| 31. (a) | 32. (c) | 33. (a) | 34. (a) | 35.(b)  | 36. (b) | 37. (a) | 38. (d) | 39. (c) | 40. (c) |
| 41. (c) | 42. (c) | 43. (a) | 44. (a) | 45. (d) | 46. (c) | 47. (a) | 48.(a)  | 49. (d) | 50. (a) |
| 51. (a) | 52. (b) | 53. (b) | 54. (b) | 55. (b) | 56. (b) | 57. (d) | 58. (a) | 59. (b) | 60. (a) |

